

organic compounds

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5-(Biphenyl-4-yl)-3-(3-methoxybenzylidene)furan-2(3H)-one

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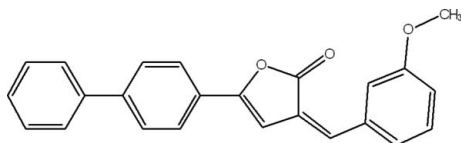
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 170$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}—\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.143; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.5.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$, the dihedral angles between the mean planes of the five-membered furan ring and the methoxy-substituted benzene and the adjacent and outer biphenyl benzene rings are 2.43 (7), 4.48 (7) and 30.47 (8)°, respectively. The crystal packing is stabilized by weak $\text{C}—\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ and $\text{C}—\text{H} \cdots \pi$ intermolecular hydrogen bonds and $\pi—\pi$ stacking interactions [centroid-centroid distances = 3.8752 (8) and 3.8331 (8) Å].

Related literature

For potential anti-ulcer agents containing a furanone structure, see: Felman *et al.* (1992). For the role of furanones in the biochemical processes of the human body, see: Rappai *et al.* (2009). For the gastrointestinal toxicity of acidic non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), see: Husain *et al.* (2010). For gastrointestinal side effects of NSAIDs, see: Cioli *et al.* (1979). For biologically active five-membered heterocycles such as butenolides and pyrrolones, see: Husain *et al.* (2005); Khan & Husain (2002). For oxadiazoles and triazoles, see: Husain & Ajmal (2009); Hashem *et al.* (2007). For a related structure, see: Burke *et al.* (2000). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$
 $M_r = 354.38$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 19.8766$ (8) Å
 $b = 6.9914$ (3) Å
 $c = 13.2603$ (6) Å
 $\beta = 107.735$ (4)° $V = 1755.15$ (13) Å³
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 170$ K
 $0.22 \times 0.22 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos
Gemini diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford
Diffraction, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.981$, $T_{\max} = 0.990$ 19756 measured reflections
4534 independent reflections
3310 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.143$
 $S = 1.01$
4534 reflections245 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring.

$D—H \cdots A$	$D—H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D—H \cdots A$
$\text{C2}—\text{H2A} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.95	2.56	3.3358 (18)	138
$\text{C5}—\text{H5A} \cdots \text{Cg1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.69	3.4762 (16)	141

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: C15197).

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supplementary materials

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5-(Biphenyl-4-yl)-3-(3-methoxybenzylidene)furan-2(3H)-one

J. P. Jasinski, J. A. Golen, A. S. Dayananda, H. S. Yathirajan and R. Mishra

Comment

Certain drugs containing a furanone structure were potential anti-ulcer agents because they did not irritate the lining of the stomach (Felman *et al.*, 1992). Their occurrence in nature has been exploited in the pharmaceutical industry because of their unusual biological activities, such as anti-ulcer and anti-cancer treatments. The antitumor activity of several analogs of furanones was evaluated using both in vivo and in vitro methods on mice, where oral administration showed a relative decrease in tumor growth. In an effort to create more efficient drugs, scientists began to explore the role of furanones in the biochemical processes of the human body (Rappai *et al.*, 2009). The gastrointestinal toxicity of acidic non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) is one of the most challenging problems in medicinal chemistry (Husain *et al.*, 2010). NSAIDs form a class of therapeutic agents that are most widely used world over because of their antiinflammatory, analgesic and antipyretic effects. Aroylpropionic acids and furanones are effective anti-inflammatory agents and some of them are available in the market, however, they are associated with gastrointestinal side effects; a common feature of NSAIDs (Cioli *et al.*, 1979). Studies suggest that the direct tissue contact of these agents plays an important role in the production of side effects and the reported literature confirms that gastrointestinal side effects of aroylpropionic acids are due to the presence of the free carboxylic group in the parent drug. This free carboxylic group, therefore, has been converted to the furanone ring to get a compound free from GIT side effects. Furanones and α -aroylpropionic acids are important intermediates in heterocyclic chemistry and have been used for the synthesis of various biologically active five-membered heterocycles such as butenolides, pyrrolones (Husain *et al.*, 2005; Khan *et al.*, 2002) oxadiazoles (Husain *et al.*, 2009) and triazoles (Hashem *et al.*, 2007). The crystal structure study of a related compound, (E)-6-methoxy-3-(3-methoxybenzylidene)benzo[b]furan-2(3H)-one, at 173 K is reported (Burke *et al.*, 2000). In view of the importance of the title compound, (I), this paper reports its crystal structure.

In the title molecule, the dihedral angles between the mean planes of the five-membered furan ring and the methoxy substituted benzene and biphenyl benzene rings are 2.43 (7)°, 4.48 (7)°, and 30.47 (8)°, respectively (Fig. 1). Bond lengths are in normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The crystal packing is stabilized by weak C—H \cdots O and C—H \cdots π intermolecular hydrogen bonds and π - π stacking (Table 2) interactions (Fig. 2).

Experimental

A solution of 3-(4-phenylbenzoyl)propionic acid (0.71 g, 3 mmol) and 3-methoxybenzaldehyde (0.45 g, 3 mmol) in an acetic anhydride (5 ml) with triethylamine (3–4 drops) was refluxed for 5–6 hrs on a water bath under anhydrous conditions. After completion of the reaction, the contents were poured into crushed ice in small portions while stirring. A solid mass separated out, which was filtered, washed with water and crystallized from 2-butanone to get X-ray quality crystals (m.p. 411–413 K).

Refinement

All of the H atoms were placed in their calculated positions and then refined using the riding model with C–H lengths of 0.95 Å (CH) or 0.98 Å (CH₃). The isotropic displacement parameters for these atoms were set to 1.18–1.21 (CH) or 1.49 (CH₃) times U_{eq} of the parent atom.

Figures

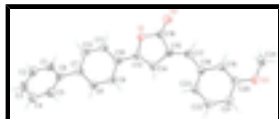


Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom-labeling scheme and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

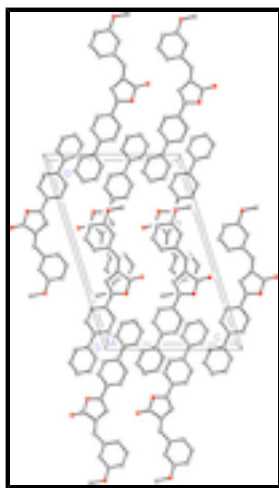


Fig. 2. Packing diagram of the title compound, viewed down the *b* axis.

5-(Biphenyl-4-yl)-3-(3-methoxybenzylidene)furan-2(3H)-one

Crystal data

C₂₄H₁₈O₃

$M_r = 354.38$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 19.8766$ (8) Å

$b = 6.9914$ (3) Å

$c = 13.2603$ (6) Å

$\beta = 107.735$ (4)°

$V = 1755.15$ (13) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 744$

$D_x = 1.341$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 5822 reflections

$\theta = 3.1$ – 32.2 °

$\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹

$T = 170$ K

Block, pale yellow

$0.22 \times 0.22 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos Gemini diffractometer

4534 independent reflections

Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source
graphite
Detector resolution: 16.1500 pixels mm⁻¹
 ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*Crys.Alis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.981$, $T_{\max} = 0.990$
19756 measured reflections

3310 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$
 $\theta_{\max} = 28.7^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.2^\circ$
 $h = -26 \rightarrow 26$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.143$
 $S = 1.01$
4534 reflections
245 parameters
0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0722P)^2 + 0.299P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 ; conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.71593 (5)	0.14726 (16)	0.22178 (7)	0.0415 (3)
O2	0.63009 (6)	0.13953 (19)	0.06638 (8)	0.0539 (3)
O3	0.28081 (5)	0.15321 (18)	0.15671 (9)	0.0516 (3)
C1	1.04917 (7)	0.3141 (2)	0.59764 (12)	0.0393 (3)
H1A	1.0398	0.3604	0.5274	0.047*
C2	1.11564 (8)	0.3377 (2)	0.66876 (14)	0.0470 (4)
H2A	1.1514	0.4004	0.6473	0.056*
C3	1.13016 (8)	0.2703 (3)	0.77084 (13)	0.0497 (4)
H3A	1.1759	0.2862	0.8199	0.060*
C4	1.07787 (9)	0.1797 (3)	0.80145 (13)	0.0500 (4)

supplementary materials

H4A	1.0879	0.1325	0.8717	0.060*
C5	1.01101 (8)	0.1571 (2)	0.73078 (12)	0.0411 (3)
H5A	0.9753	0.0958	0.7531	0.049*
C6	0.99552 (7)	0.2235 (2)	0.62704 (11)	0.0330 (3)
C7	0.92411 (7)	0.19992 (19)	0.55035 (10)	0.0317 (3)
C8	0.86347 (7)	0.2076 (2)	0.58311 (11)	0.0395 (3)
H8A	0.8685	0.2235	0.6562	0.047*
C9	0.79673 (7)	0.1927 (2)	0.51171 (11)	0.0389 (3)
H9A	0.7565	0.1986	0.5361	0.047*
C10	0.78789 (7)	0.16882 (19)	0.40409 (10)	0.0315 (3)
C11	0.84804 (7)	0.1561 (2)	0.37113 (11)	0.0365 (3)
H11A	0.8431	0.1359	0.2984	0.044*
C12	0.91467 (7)	0.1724 (2)	0.44324 (11)	0.0363 (3)
H12A	0.9549	0.1646	0.4190	0.044*
C13	0.71770 (7)	0.1588 (2)	0.32790 (10)	0.0329 (3)
C14	0.65258 (7)	0.16084 (19)	0.33828 (10)	0.0331 (3)
H14A	0.6416	0.1683	0.4030	0.040*
C15	0.60244 (7)	0.14966 (19)	0.23409 (10)	0.0322 (3)
C16	0.64589 (7)	0.1442 (2)	0.16115 (11)	0.0379 (3)
C17	0.53146 (7)	0.1432 (2)	0.19272 (10)	0.0340 (3)
H17A	0.5149	0.1351	0.1177	0.041*
C18	0.47600 (7)	0.14655 (19)	0.24314 (10)	0.0318 (3)
C19	0.40626 (7)	0.1452 (2)	0.17584 (11)	0.0340 (3)
H19A	0.3975	0.1408	0.1013	0.041*
C20	0.35005 (7)	0.1504 (2)	0.21690 (11)	0.0363 (3)
C21	0.36229 (8)	0.1503 (2)	0.32559 (12)	0.0418 (4)
H21A	0.3238	0.1504	0.3540	0.050*
C22	0.43071 (8)	0.1501 (2)	0.39204 (12)	0.0436 (4)
H22A	0.4390	0.1498	0.4665	0.052*
C23	0.48761 (7)	0.1505 (2)	0.35246 (11)	0.0383 (3)
H23A	0.5344	0.1534	0.3995	0.046*
C24	0.26584 (9)	0.1751 (3)	0.04562 (13)	0.0543 (4)
H24A	0.2147	0.1852	0.0125	0.081*
H24B	0.2838	0.0640	0.0168	0.081*
H24C	0.2888	0.2913	0.0309	0.081*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0317 (5)	0.0641 (7)	0.0309 (5)	0.0013 (5)	0.0128 (4)	0.0002 (4)
O2	0.0438 (6)	0.0898 (9)	0.0293 (5)	0.0029 (6)	0.0128 (5)	0.0027 (5)
O3	0.0273 (5)	0.0822 (9)	0.0436 (6)	0.0008 (5)	0.0084 (4)	0.0029 (6)
C1	0.0339 (7)	0.0437 (8)	0.0425 (8)	0.0023 (6)	0.0150 (6)	0.0029 (6)
C2	0.0317 (7)	0.0508 (9)	0.0608 (10)	−0.0004 (6)	0.0174 (7)	−0.0006 (8)
C3	0.0302 (7)	0.0584 (10)	0.0535 (10)	0.0033 (7)	0.0026 (7)	−0.0021 (8)
C4	0.0437 (8)	0.0595 (11)	0.0415 (8)	0.0041 (7)	0.0048 (7)	0.0051 (7)
C5	0.0378 (7)	0.0458 (9)	0.0401 (8)	−0.0024 (6)	0.0121 (6)	0.0039 (6)
C6	0.0296 (6)	0.0338 (7)	0.0364 (7)	0.0029 (5)	0.0110 (5)	−0.0006 (5)

C7	0.0293 (6)	0.0323 (7)	0.0342 (7)	0.0012 (5)	0.0110 (5)	0.0009 (5)
C8	0.0340 (7)	0.0550 (9)	0.0312 (7)	−0.0010 (6)	0.0125 (6)	−0.0033 (6)
C9	0.0300 (7)	0.0542 (9)	0.0360 (7)	−0.0004 (6)	0.0150 (6)	−0.0035 (6)
C10	0.0298 (6)	0.0325 (7)	0.0334 (7)	0.0005 (5)	0.0114 (5)	0.0007 (5)
C11	0.0362 (7)	0.0453 (8)	0.0301 (7)	0.0011 (6)	0.0133 (5)	−0.0012 (6)
C12	0.0305 (6)	0.0445 (8)	0.0379 (7)	0.0015 (6)	0.0166 (6)	−0.0010 (6)
C13	0.0343 (7)	0.0370 (7)	0.0281 (6)	0.0008 (5)	0.0106 (5)	−0.0007 (5)
C14	0.0305 (6)	0.0393 (7)	0.0302 (7)	0.0004 (5)	0.0102 (5)	−0.0002 (5)
C15	0.0334 (7)	0.0345 (7)	0.0298 (6)	0.0028 (5)	0.0115 (5)	0.0018 (5)
C16	0.0333 (7)	0.0504 (9)	0.0307 (7)	0.0027 (6)	0.0108 (6)	0.0024 (6)
C17	0.0328 (7)	0.0409 (8)	0.0279 (6)	0.0027 (6)	0.0088 (5)	0.0030 (5)
C18	0.0311 (6)	0.0332 (7)	0.0310 (6)	0.0011 (5)	0.0091 (5)	0.0005 (5)
C19	0.0327 (7)	0.0397 (8)	0.0289 (6)	0.0001 (5)	0.0085 (5)	−0.0001 (5)
C20	0.0294 (6)	0.0403 (8)	0.0379 (7)	−0.0007 (5)	0.0086 (6)	−0.0009 (6)
C21	0.0375 (7)	0.0530 (9)	0.0401 (8)	0.0002 (6)	0.0196 (6)	−0.0016 (7)
C22	0.0454 (8)	0.0560 (10)	0.0309 (7)	0.0006 (7)	0.0140 (6)	−0.0016 (6)
C23	0.0323 (7)	0.0486 (8)	0.0320 (7)	0.0003 (6)	0.0067 (5)	0.0003 (6)
C24	0.0369 (8)	0.0779 (13)	0.0418 (9)	0.0006 (8)	0.0027 (7)	−0.0008 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C16	1.3795 (16)	C10—C13	1.4537 (18)
O1—C13	1.3991 (15)	C11—C12	1.3819 (19)
O2—C16	1.1994 (16)	C11—H11A	0.95
O3—C20	1.3647 (16)	C12—H12A	0.95
O3—C24	1.4195 (19)	C13—C14	1.3427 (18)
C1—C2	1.379 (2)	C14—C15	1.4385 (18)
C1—C6	1.3941 (19)	C14—H14A	0.95
C1—H1A	0.95	C15—C17	1.3499 (18)
C2—C3	1.378 (2)	C15—C16	1.4803 (19)
C2—H2A	0.95	C17—C18	1.4531 (18)
C3—C4	1.380 (2)	C17—H17A	0.95
C3—H3A	0.95	C18—C23	1.3971 (19)
C4—C5	1.382 (2)	C18—C19	1.4016 (18)
C4—H4A	0.95	C19—C20	1.3845 (19)
C5—C6	1.3945 (19)	C19—H19A	0.95
C5—H5A	0.95	C20—C21	1.387 (2)
C6—C7	1.4821 (18)	C21—C22	1.377 (2)
C7—C12	1.3882 (18)	C21—H21A	0.95
C7—C8	1.4010 (18)	C22—C23	1.384 (2)
C8—C9	1.3792 (19)	C22—H22A	0.95
C8—H8A	0.95	C23—H23A	0.95
C9—C10	1.3937 (19)	C24—H24A	0.98
C9—H9A	0.95	C24—H24B	0.98
C10—C11	1.3954 (18)	C24—H24C	0.98
C16—O1—C13	107.39 (10)	C14—C13—C10	132.78 (12)
C20—O3—C24	117.63 (12)	O1—C13—C10	115.25 (11)
C2—C1—C6	121.21 (14)	C13—C14—C15	107.96 (12)
C2—C1—H1A	119.4	C13—C14—H14A	126.0

supplementary materials

C6—C1—H1A	119.4	C15—C14—H14A	126.0
C3—C2—C1	120.07 (15)	C17—C15—C14	136.44 (13)
C3—C2—H2A	120.0	C17—C15—C16	118.63 (12)
C1—C2—H2A	120.0	C14—C15—C16	104.92 (11)
C2—C3—C4	119.65 (14)	O2—C16—O1	120.44 (12)
C2—C3—H3A	120.2	O2—C16—C15	131.81 (13)
C4—C3—H3A	120.2	O1—C16—C15	107.74 (11)
C3—C4—C5	120.52 (15)	C15—C17—C18	131.15 (13)
C3—C4—H4A	119.7	C15—C17—H17A	114.4
C5—C4—H4A	119.7	C18—C17—H17A	114.4
C4—C5—C6	120.57 (14)	C23—C18—C19	118.66 (12)
C4—C5—H5A	119.7	C23—C18—C17	124.69 (12)
C6—C5—H5A	119.7	C19—C18—C17	116.66 (12)
C1—C6—C5	117.98 (12)	C20—C19—C18	120.63 (12)
C1—C6—C7	120.87 (12)	C20—C19—H19A	119.7
C5—C6—C7	121.16 (12)	C18—C19—H19A	119.7
C12—C7—C8	117.49 (12)	O3—C20—C19	124.14 (13)
C12—C7—C6	121.34 (12)	O3—C20—C21	115.74 (12)
C8—C7—C6	121.16 (12)	C19—C20—C21	120.11 (13)
C9—C8—C7	121.52 (13)	C22—C21—C20	119.45 (13)
C9—C8—H8A	119.2	C22—C21—H21A	120.3
C7—C8—H8A	119.2	C20—C21—H21A	120.3
C8—C9—C10	120.45 (13)	C21—C22—C23	121.27 (13)
C8—C9—H9A	119.8	C21—C22—H22A	119.4
C10—C9—H9A	119.8	C23—C22—H22A	119.4
C9—C10—C11	118.40 (12)	C22—C23—C18	119.84 (13)
C9—C10—C13	120.82 (12)	C22—C23—H23A	120.1
C11—C10—C13	120.78 (12)	C18—C23—H23A	120.1
C12—C11—C10	120.66 (13)	O3—C24—H24A	109.5
C12—C11—H11A	119.7	O3—C24—H24B	109.5
C10—C11—H11A	119.7	H24A—C24—H24B	109.5
C11—C12—C7	121.45 (12)	O3—C24—H24C	109.5
C11—C12—H12A	119.3	H24A—C24—H24C	109.5
C7—C12—H12A	119.3	H24B—C24—H24C	109.5
C14—C13—O1	111.96 (11)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.4 (2)	C11—C10—C13—O1	−3.56 (19)
C1—C2—C3—C4	−0.1 (3)	O1—C13—C14—C15	0.14 (16)
C2—C3—C4—C5	−0.4 (3)	C10—C13—C14—C15	179.15 (14)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.7 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C17	178.84 (16)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.0 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C16	−0.94 (15)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.58 (13)	C13—O1—C16—O2	178.09 (14)
C4—C5—C6—C1	−0.5 (2)	C13—O1—C16—C15	−1.35 (15)
C4—C5—C6—C7	179.88 (14)	C17—C15—C16—O2	2.2 (2)
C1—C6—C7—C12	33.2 (2)	C14—C15—C16—O2	−177.94 (17)
C5—C6—C7—C12	−147.21 (15)	C17—C15—C16—O1	−178.42 (12)
C1—C6—C7—C8	−145.78 (15)	C14—C15—C16—O1	1.42 (15)
C5—C6—C7—C8	33.8 (2)	C14—C15—C17—C18	0.4 (3)
C12—C7—C8—C9	−1.4 (2)	C16—C15—C17—C18	−179.83 (13)
C6—C7—C8—C9	177.64 (13)	C15—C17—C18—C23	−2.6 (2)

C7—C8—C9—C10	0.2 (2)	C15—C17—C18—C19	177.53 (14)
C8—C9—C10—C11	1.5 (2)	C23—C18—C19—C20	0.9 (2)
C8—C9—C10—C13	-178.10 (13)	C17—C18—C19—C20	-179.26 (13)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.9 (2)	C24—O3—C20—C19	-7.8 (2)
C13—C10—C11—C12	177.69 (13)	C24—O3—C20—C21	173.06 (14)
C10—C11—C12—C7	0.7 (2)	C18—C19—C20—O3	178.70 (13)
C8—C7—C12—C11	1.0 (2)	C18—C19—C20—C21	-2.2 (2)
C6—C7—C12—C11	-178.05 (13)	O3—C20—C21—C22	-179.16 (13)
C16—O1—C13—C14	0.79 (16)	C19—C20—C21—C22	1.7 (2)
C16—O1—C13—C10	-178.41 (11)	C20—C21—C22—C23	0.2 (2)
C9—C10—C13—C14	-3.0 (2)	C21—C22—C23—C18	-1.5 (2)
C11—C10—C13—C14	177.46 (15)	C19—C18—C23—C22	1.0 (2)
C9—C10—C13—O1	176.00 (12)	C17—C18—C23—C22	-178.89 (14)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C1—C6 ring.

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
C2—H2A \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.95	2.56	3.3358 (18)	138
C5—H5A \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.69	3.4762 (16)	141

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.

Table 2

π - π -stacking interactions.

<i>CgI</i> \cdots <i>CgJ</i>	<i>CgI</i> \cdots <i>CgJ</i> (Å)	<i>CgI</i> \cdots Perp (Å)	<i>CgJ</i> \cdots Perp (Å)
<i>Cg2</i> \cdots <i>Cg3</i> ⁱ	3.8752 (8)	3.5136 (6)	-3.4926 (6)
<i>Cg2</i> \cdots <i>Cg3</i> ⁱⁱ	3.8331 (8)	-3.4772 (6)	3.4889 (6)

Cg2 and *Cg3* are the centroids of rings O1/C13—C16 and C18—C23, respectively.

Symmetry codes: (i) $1-x, -1/2+y, 1/2-z$; (ii) $1-x, 1/2+y, 1/2-z$.

Fig. 1

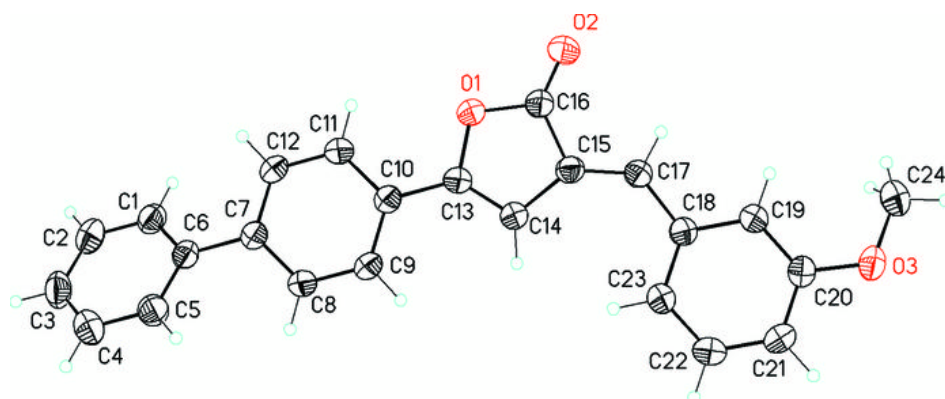


Fig. 2

